

The Power Density of a single sector for the site will not exceed the FCC regulations for public exposure limits. We can deduce areas with areas that exceed public exposure regulations by calculating the power density for a single sector and plotting the area in the drawings. The height of these areas were calculated using the Pathagorean theorem where we took the hight of the antennas and the distance to the nearest fence and came up with the closest possible distance anyone could get. A man-lift would be need to be used to reach the areas exceeding public RF exposure levels while being directly in front of the antennas. The line highlighted below in green shows the theoretical percentage of RF exposure the general public could be exposed to while standing directly under the antennas. This calculation is very conservitive as for this to be possible, the antenna would need to be pointing at the ground to have this affect. Antennas are generally installed to where the lowest point of high power RF is 7° from parallel to the ground or roughly 278' from the antennas. The calculation is not shown, but the RF exposure at that distance is about 0.7% of the exposure limits regulated by the FCC. Also, not shown is the RF exposure from the microwave dish as it has a minimal effect on the site or per sector basis. Union Wireless will not exceed public RF exposure limits per the guidelines required by the FCC.

Justin Bray
 RF Engineering
 Union Wireless
 13-Oct-20
 Number of Technologies / Carriers:

7

The power density of a radiating antenna is found using OET 65 Section 2 Equation 3:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where:

- S = Power density (mW/cm²)
- P = Power input to the antenna (mW)
- G = Antenna gain with respect to an isotropic radiator
- R = Distance from the antenna radiation center (cm)

S (TOTAL)	0.31	mW/cm²
% of Total Allowable S:	38.12	%

If the % of Total Allwable Power Density S is Below 100 %, then General Public Exposure Limits are not Exceeded.

Represents Standing Outside of Fenced Lease Area Exposure Percentages

Technology / Carrier 1	UMTS 850
UMTS 850 Power:	43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power:	19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters:	2
Max Antenna Gain:	16.5 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain:	44.67
Coax Loss:	-0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss:	0.89
Distance from Transmitter:	2500 cm
Frequency Band:	850 MHz

Power Density S: 0.02 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: f/1500 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 0.57 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 3.57 %

Technology / Carrier 2 UMTS 1900
UMTS 1900 Power: 43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters: 2
Antenna Gain: 17 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 50.12
Coax Loss: -0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.89
Distance From Transmitter: 2500 cm
Frequency Band: 1900 MHz
Power Density S: 0.02 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: 1 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 1.00 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 2.27 %

Technology / Carrier 3 LTE 1900
LTE 1900 Power: 43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters: 4
Max Antenna Gain: 17 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 50.12
Coax Loss: -0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.89
Distance from Transmitter: 2500 cm
Frequency Band: 1900 MHz
Power Density S: 0.05 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: 1 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 0.57 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 8.02 %

Technology / Carrier 4 LTE AWS
LTE AWS Power: 43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters: 4
Antenna Gain: 17 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 50.12
Coax Loss: -0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.89
Distance From Transmitter: 2500 cm
Frequency Band: 2100 MHz
Power Density S: 0.05 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: 1 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 1.00 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 4.54 %

Power Density S: 0.02 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: f/1500 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 0.57 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 3.57 %

Technology / Carrier 2 UMTS 1900
UMTS 1900 Power: 43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters: 2
Antenna Gain: 17 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 50.12
Coax Loss: -0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.89
Distance From Transmitter: 2500 cm
Frequency Band: 1900 MHz

Technology / Carrier 5 LTE 700
LTE 700 Power: 43 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 19952.62 mW
Number of Transmitters: 2
Max Antenna Gain: 15.8 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 38.02
Coax Loss: -0.5 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.89
Distance from Transmitter: 2500 cm
Frequency Band: 700 MHz

Power Density S: 0.02 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: f/1500 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 0.47 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 3.69 %

Technology / Carrier 6 LTE 700
LTE 700 Power: 46 dBm
Linear Transmit Power: 39810.72 mW
Number of Transmitters: 4
Antenna Gain: 18 dBi
Linear Antenna Gain: 63.10
Coax Loss: -1 dB
Linear Coax Loss: 0.79
Distance From Transmitter: 1990 cm
Frequency Band: 2100 MHz

Power Density S: 0.16 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Formula for S: 1 mW/cm²
Freq Specific Allowable S: 1.00 mW/cm²
% Contribution to allowable S: 16.04 %

Technology / Carrier 6 LTE AWS
LTE AWS Power: 46 dBm